

*Postgraduaat
Trombocytopenie bij groot en klein
29 November 2022*



Belgian
Red Cross

PLATELETS – PRODUCTION

Britt Van Aelst

CONTENT

A PLATELETS BY POOLING BC's

I Whole blood separation

II Manual pooling BC's

B APHERESIS PLATELETS

I Collection

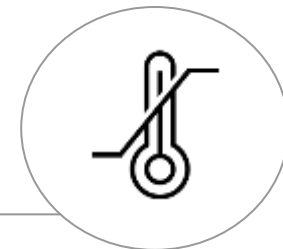
C PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

A PLATELETS BY POOLING BC's

I Whole blood separation

PROCESS - Preparation whole blood

Before preparation



Klimacontainer



- Active cooling
- Rest period > 6h^{1,2}
- Maintain 20°C ± 2°C

< 16°C^{3,4,5}

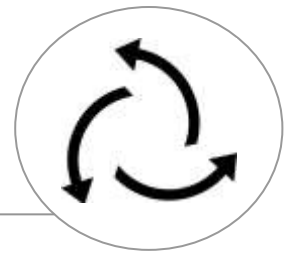


- > Platelet quality
- > ↓ Yield
- > ↑ Clearance

1 van der Meer, P.F et al. The effect of holding times of whole blood and its components during processing on in vitro and in vivo quality. Transfusion medicine reviews 29, 24-34 (2015).
 2 Dijkstra-Tiekstra, M.J. et al. Overnight or fresh buffy coat-derived platelet concentrates prepared with various platelet pooling systems. Transfusion 48, 723-730 (2008).
 3 Murphy, S. et al. Effect of storage temperature on maintenance of platelet viability--deleterious effect of refrigerated storage. The New England journal of medicine 280, 1094-1098 (1969).
 4 Hoffmeister, K.M., et al. The clearance mechanism of chilled blood platelets. Cell 112, 87-97 (2003).
 5 Rumjantseva, V., et al. Dual roles for hepatic lectin receptors in the clearance of chilled platelets. Nature medicine 15, 1273-1280 (2009)

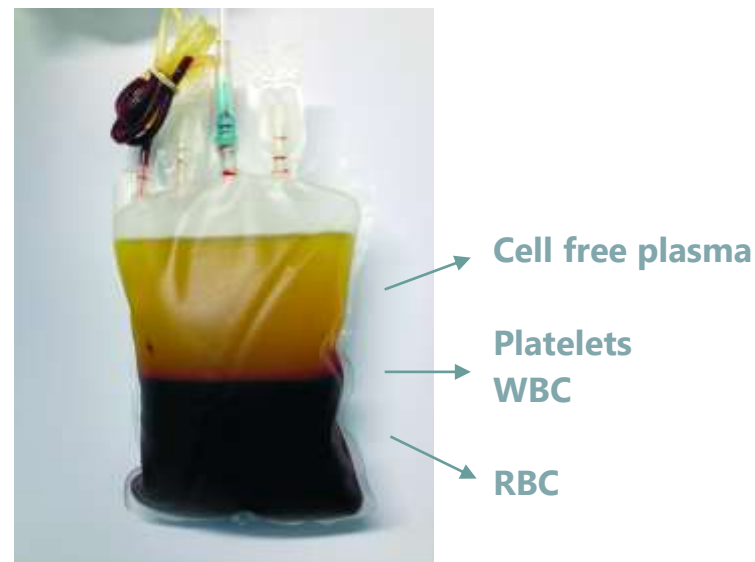
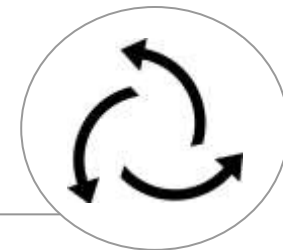
PROCESS - Preparation whole blood

Centrifugation whole blood



PROCESS - Preparation whole blood

Centrifugation whole blood



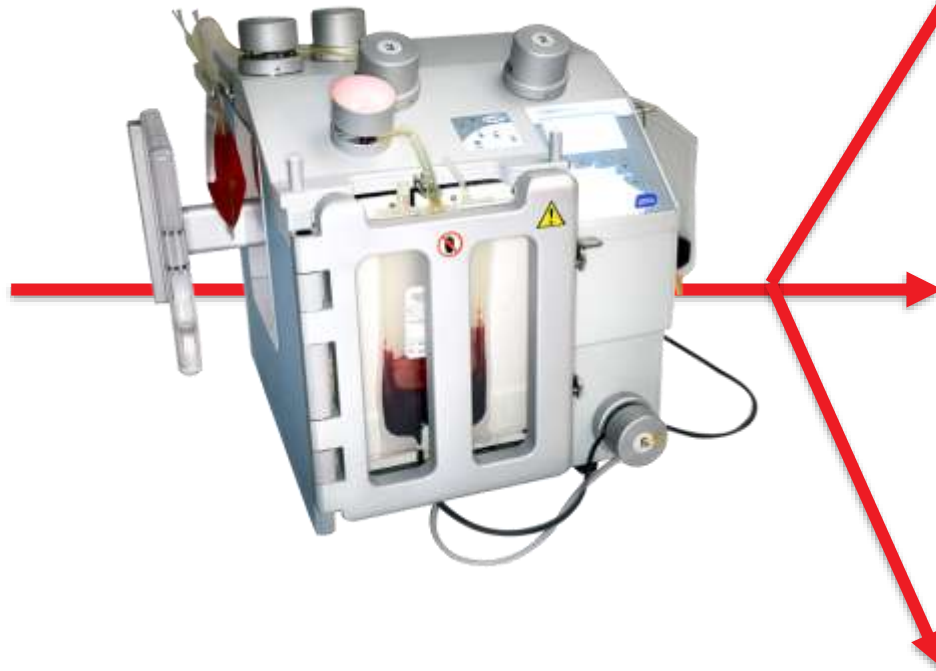
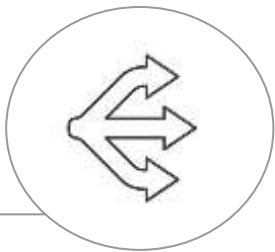
Hard spin: Density and size of blood cells ¹

- > ↓ WBC and RBC
- > ↑ WBC
- > ↓ platelets on the WBC-layer

RPM – Temperature – acceleration – time – deceleration ...

PROCESS - Preparation whole blood

Separation whole blood



Cell free plasma



Buffy coat



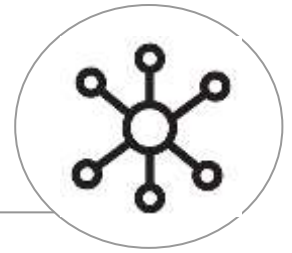
Red blood cells

A PLATELETS BY POOLING BC's

II Manual pooling BC's

PROCESS – Manual pooling

Buffy coat

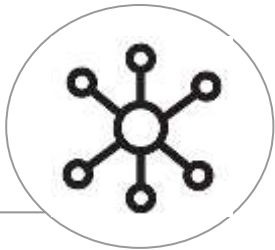


- Suitability buffy coat
Cfr plasma ¹
- Control of time
Duration of collection ²
Time after collection
Time after centrifugation ³

1 Lagerberg, J.W. et al. EFFECT OF LIPEMIC PLASMA ON THE IN VITRO QUALITY OF CELLULAR BLOOD COMPONENTS DURING STORAGE. Vox Sanguinis 103, 40-41 (2012)

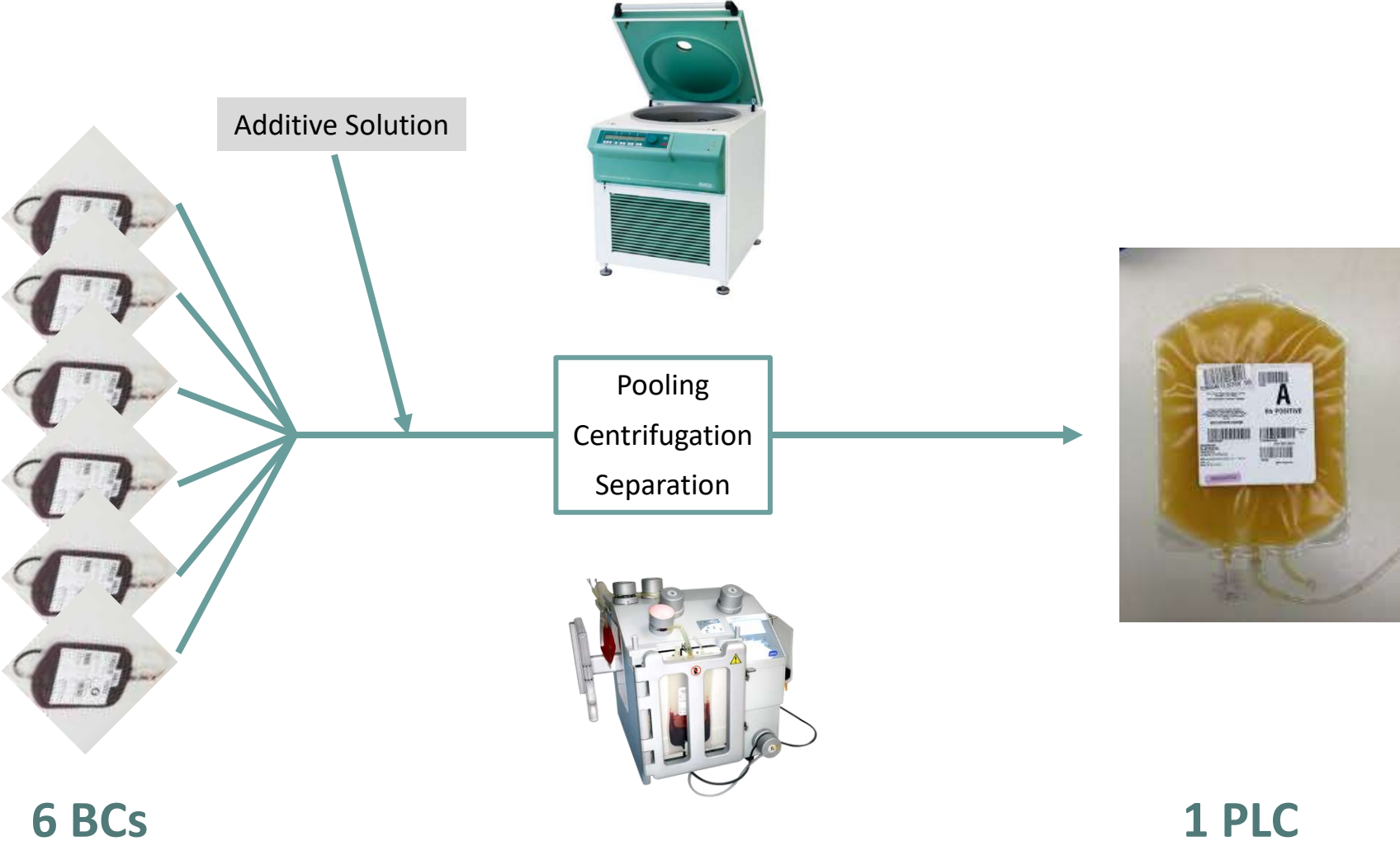
2 Polack, B. et al. Preanalytical Recommendations of the 'Groupe d'Etude sur l'Hémostase et la Thrombose' (GEHT) for Venous Blood Testing in Hemostasis Laboratories. Pathophysiology of Haemostasis and Thrombosis 31, 61-68 (2001).
HLA comp plaatjes Post Graduaat VUB/UZB 2022

3 Guidelines for the Blood Transfusion Services in the United Kingdom, (2013)



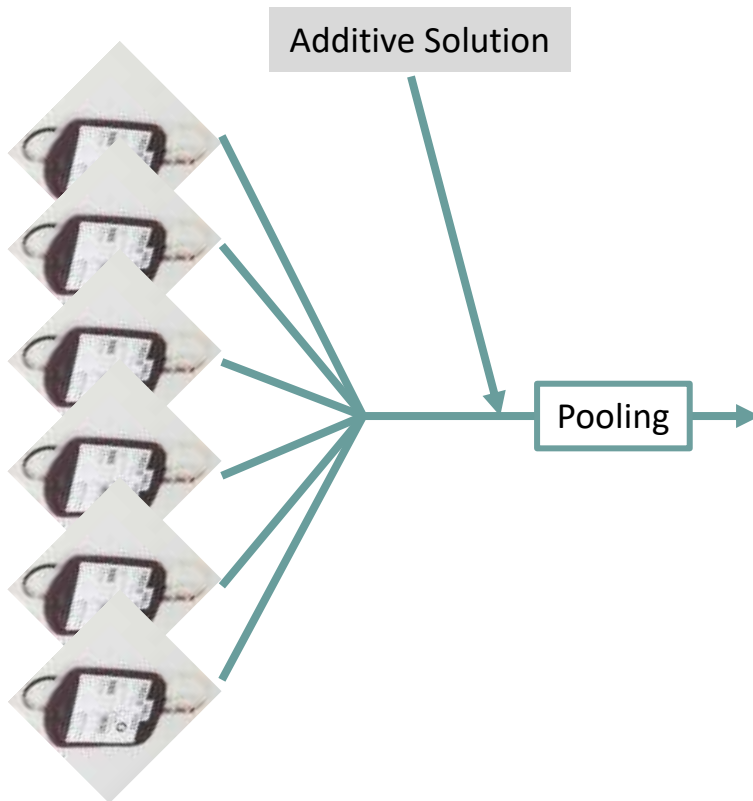
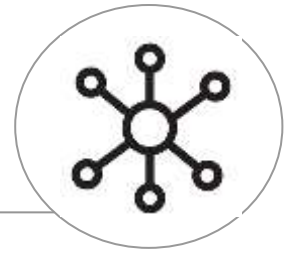
PROCESS – Manual pooling

Pooling buffy coats



PROCESS – Manual pooling

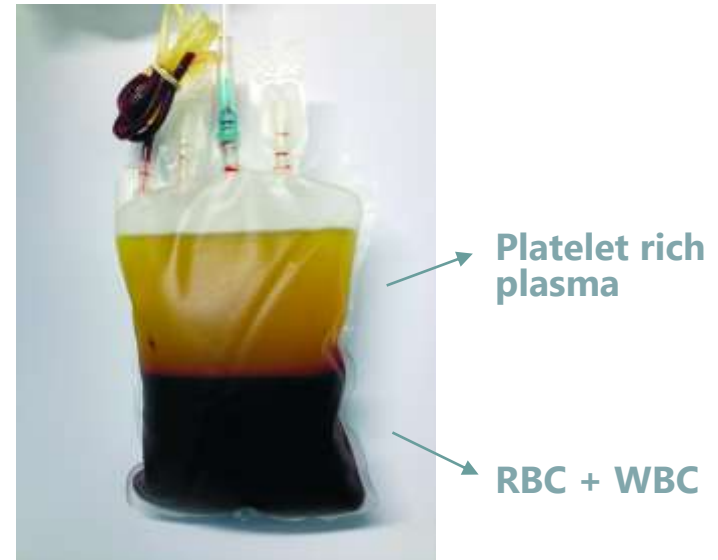
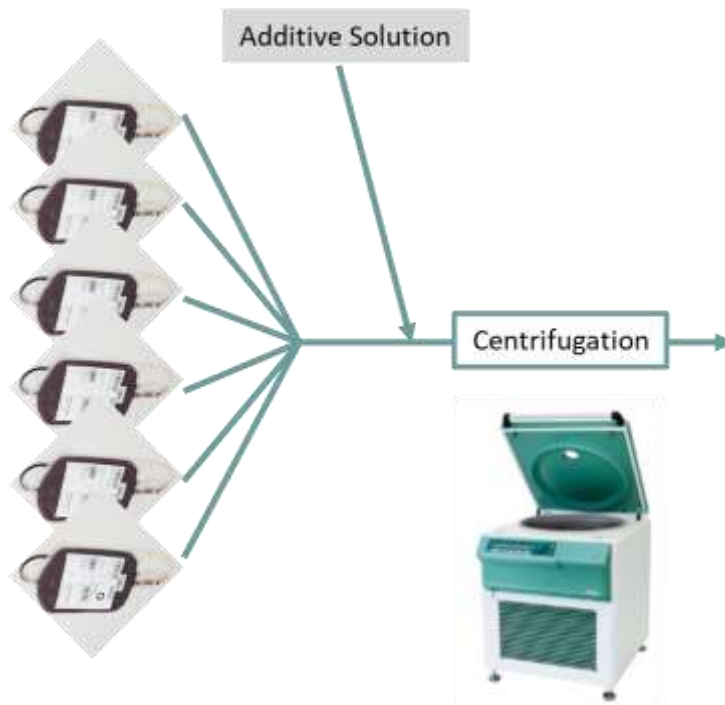
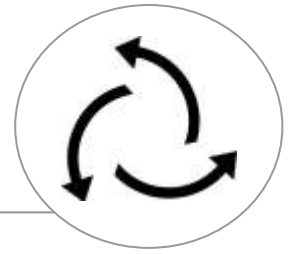
Pooling buffy coats



- Compliance Buffy coats
Donor questionnaire
Laboratory testing
- Registration BIS
- Pool, wash and rinse with AS

PROCESS – Manual pooling

Pooling buffy coats



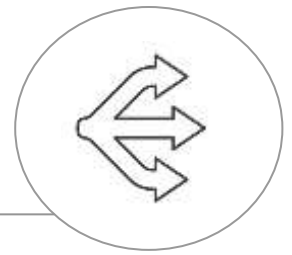
RPM – Temperature – acceleration
– time – deceleration ...

Soft spin

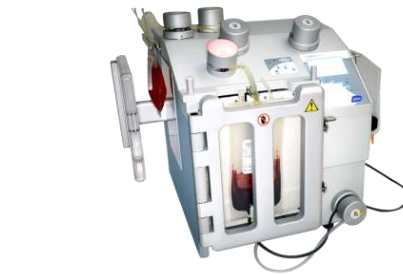
- > ↓ WBC and RBC
- > = platelets in plasma

PROCESS – Manual pooling

Pooling buffy coats



Separation

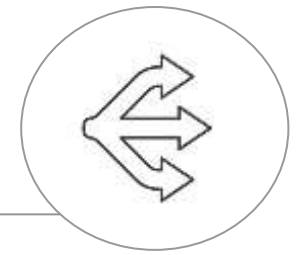


= Deleukocytation 6h after pooling ¹

Detection of RBC -> Stop separation

PROCESS – Manual pooling

Pooling buffy coats



Criteria final pool

- (1) Visual
 - > Color
 - > Lipemic
- (2) Content (Pathogen Inactivation)
 - > 32 – 47 % plasma
 - > $2,5 - 7,0 \times 10^{11}$ platelets in 300 – 420 mL
- (3) Preservation
 - > $22^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$
 - > Agitation (60 rpm^{1,2})



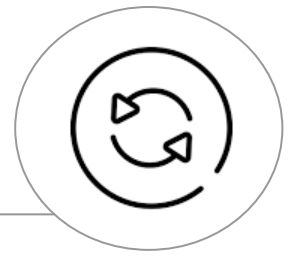
1 Sandgren, P. et al, K. Storage of buffy-coat-derived platelets in additive solution: in vitro effects on platelets of the air bubbles and foam included in the final unit. Blood Transfusion 9, 182-188 (2011)

2 Kilksn, H. et al, S. Platelet metabolism during storage of platelet concentrates at 22 degrees C. Blood 64, 406-414 (1984)

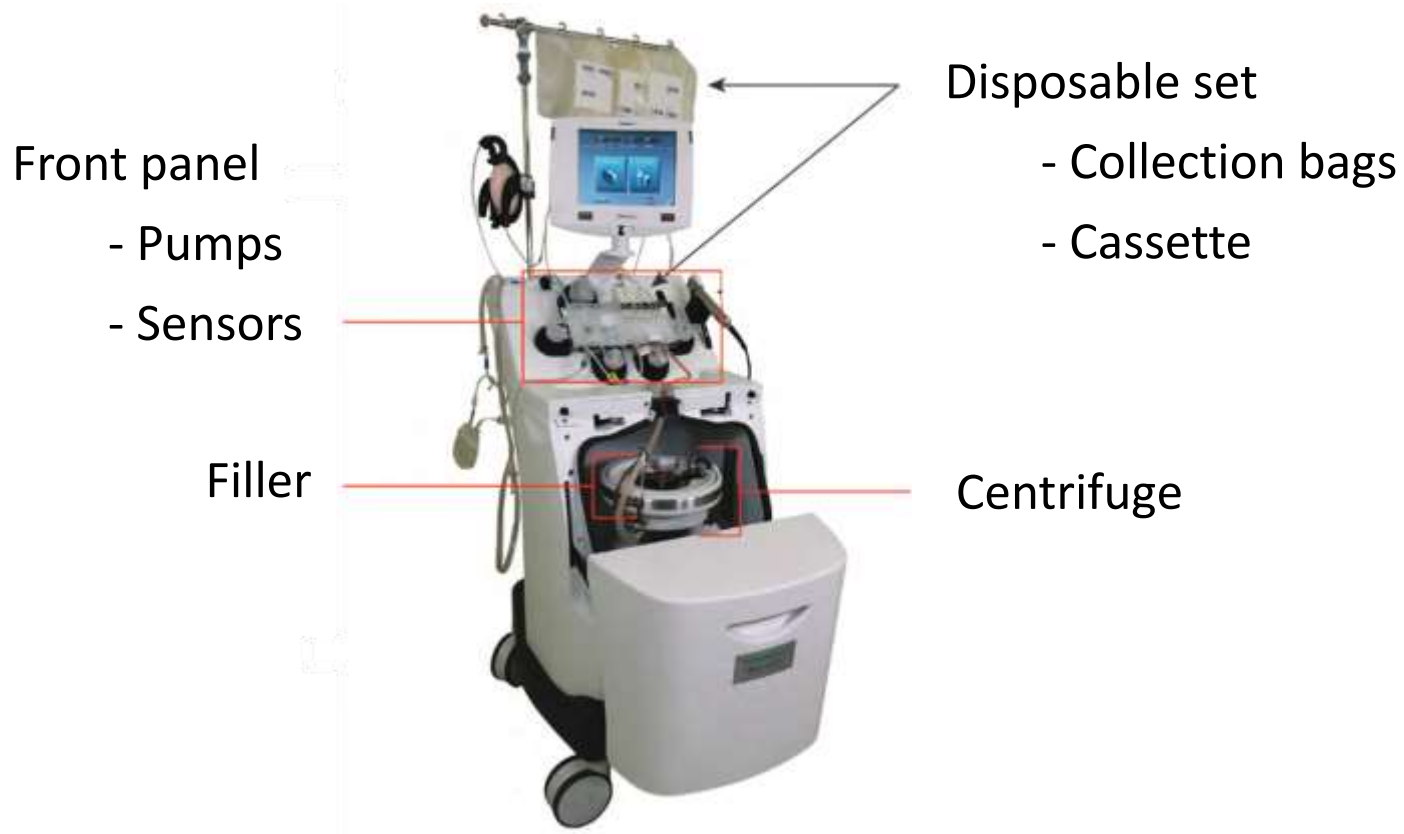
B APHERESIS PLATELETS

I Collection

PROCESS – apheresis platelets Collection

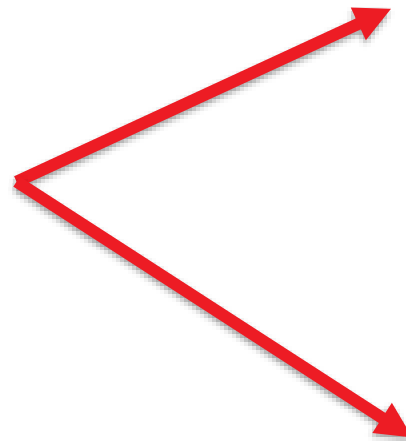
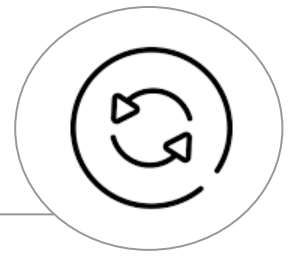


Continuous flow cell separator



PROCESS – apheresis platelets

Products



Platelets

Pathogen
inactivation
technology



Plasma

Fractionation

C PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS



| | Uit afereze, pathogeengereduceerd | | Uit vol bloed, pathogeengereduceerd | Volume gereduceerd | Gewassen |
|---|--|--------------|--|--|--|
| | Volwassene | zuigeling | | | |
| Criteria eindproduct | | | | | |
| Volume (mL) | 250 – 420 > 40mL per 60 x 10 ⁹ plt | ≥150 | 250 – 420 > 40mL per 60 x 10 ⁹ plaatjes | 25 – 75 | n.v.t. |
| Inhoudscriteria bepaald door fabrikant | n.v.t. | n.v.t. | 32 – 47 % plasma 2,5 – 7,0 x 10 ¹¹ plt | n.v.t. | n.v.t. |
| Plaatjesinhoud (EEE) | 5 – 13 | 1 – 4 | 5 – 13 | 1 – 3 | n.v.t. |
| Plaatjesconcentratie (plaatjes x 10 ⁶ /μL) | 0,8 – 1,9 | | 0,8 – 1,9 | ± 2 | 0,7 – 1,9 |
| WBC contaminatie (WBC/product) | 90 % < 1 x 10 ⁶ 99 % < 5 x 10 ⁶ | | 90 % < 1 x 10 ⁶ 99 % < 5 x 10 ⁶ | 90 % < 1 x 10 ⁶ 99 % < 5 x 10 ⁶ | 90 % < 1 x 10 ⁶ 99 % < 5 x 10 ⁶ |
| pH dag 6 | ≥ 6,4 | | ≥ 6,4 | n.v.t. | n.v.t. |
| Bewaring eindproduct | | | | | |
| Temperatuur (°C) + conditie | 20 – 24 continu schuddend | | 20 – 24 continu schuddend | 20 – 24 continu schuddend | 20 – 24 continu schuddend |
| Termijn | 5d na afname | 4d na afname | 5d na afname | 6u na bereiding | 12u na bereiding |

- The Guide to the preparation, use and quality assurance of blood components, (FRANCE, 2020)
- Koninklijk besluit betreffende de afneming, de bereiding, de bewaring en de terhandstelling van bloed en bloedderivaten van menselijke oorsprong. (4 april 1996)
- Instructions of Cerus Corporation

TRANSFUSION



Standard dose: 1EEE/10kg body weight

-> Augment platelet concentration Av 20.000 plt/ μ L

$$CCI = \frac{([PLT]^* \text{ 1 uur na transfusie} - [PLT]^* \text{ vóór transfusie}) \times \text{lichaamsoppervlak}^{**} \times 10^{11}}{\text{aantal trombocyten toegediend}}$$

Lichaamsoppervlakte^{**} = $\sqrt{(\text{lengte}^\circ \times \text{gewicht}^\circ / 3.600)}$

(* trombocytentelling, uitgedrukt in 10^3 per μ l)

(** lichaamsoppervlakte in m^2)

($^\circ$ lengte in cm)

($^\circ^\circ$ gewicht in kg)

Thank you!



*Postgraduaat
Trombocytopenie bij groot en klein
29 November 2022*



Belgian
Red Cross

HLA compatibele Plaatjes

Marie-Paule Emonds

Indicaties voor bloedplaatjes transfusie

Therapeutisch in geval van

- trombopenie
 - > Bloeding
- Gestoorde bloedplaatjes functie met bloeding
 - > Verworven (nieuwe anticoagulantia)
 - > Aangeboren (bvb Ziekte van Glanzmann)

Indicaties voor bloedplaatjes transfusie

Profylactisch in geval van

Meestal op basis van Hypoproliferatieve trombopenie

- hematologische aandoeningen
- Na stamceltransplantatie
- na chemotherapie
- Congenitale plaatjes afwijkingen
- Dringende heekunde bij nieuwe anti-aggregantia

Indicaties voor bloedplaatjes transfusie

Profylactisch in geval van

Geen indicatie in geval van electieve heelkunde

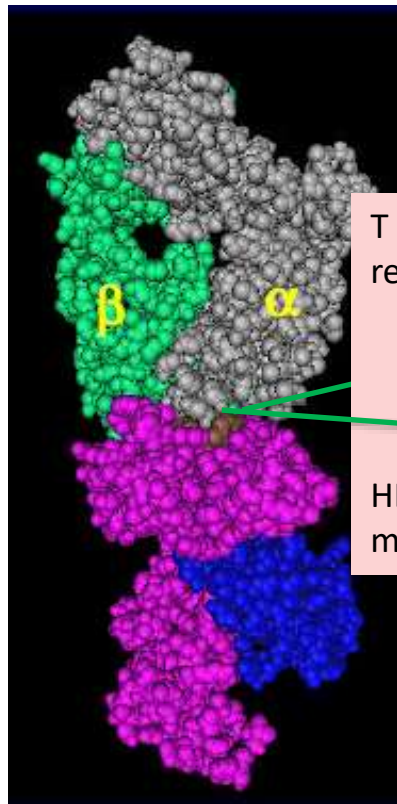
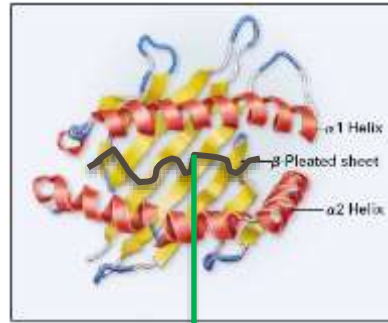
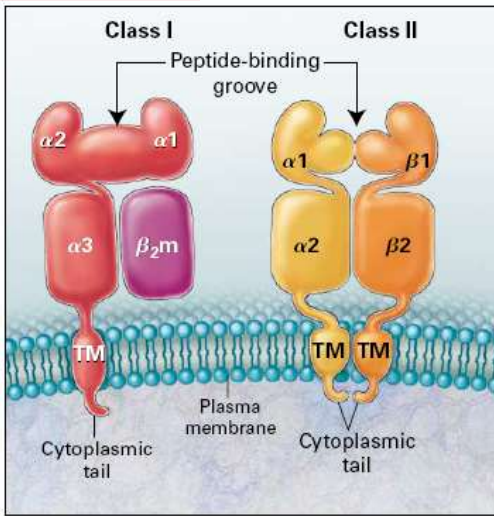
Wel veilig en kan indicatie zijn bij dringende heelkunde bij nieuwe anti-aggregantia

Essentials

- An increasing number of patients requiring surgery receive antiplatelet therapy (APT).
 - We analyzed 181 patients receiving presurgery platelet transfusions to reverse APT.
 - No coronary thrombosis occurred after platelet transfusion.
 - This justifies a prospective trial to test preoperative platelet transfusions to reverse APT.
-

Baschin M, Selleng S, Hummel A, Diedrich S, Schroeder HW, Kohlmann T, Westphal A, Greinacher A, Thiele T. Preoperative platelet transfusions to reverse antiplatelet therapy for urgent non-cardiac surgery: an observational cohort study. *J Thromb Haemost* 2018; 16: 709–17.

HLA



| Polymorphic Residues on B51 | "Seen" by A2,A68; B27,B44 | "Seen" by A2,A68; B35,B44 |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | |
| | | |

Epitope

B: HLA-B proposed new serotypes, WHO assigned antigens

| Proposed new serotype | WHO assigned antigen | | | Prototype allele | Critical residue positions |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-------|-------|------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Associated | Split | Broad | | |
| B-3801 | | B38 | B16 | Bw4 | 45,63,67,71,82,83,158,163,171 |
| B-3803 | | | | B*38:03 | |
| B-3806 | | | | B*38:06 | |
| | B3901 | B39 | | Bw6 | 45,63,67,71,76,82,83,158,163 |
| | B3902 | | | Bw6 | |
| B-3910 | | | | Bw6 | |
| | | | | B*39:02 | |
| | | | | B*39:10 | |

TABLE 1.1. The number of different HLA alleles, proteins and antigens described for each of the HLA loci by April 2020 (<http://hla.alleles.org>).

| HLA class | HLA class I | | | HLA class II | | | | |
|------------------|-------------|------|------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | A | B | C | DRB ₁₃₄₅ | DQA ₁ | DQB ₁ | DPA ₁ | DPB ₁ |
| HLA alleles (n) | 6082 | 7256 | 5842 | 3357 | 246 | 1826 | 193 | 1556 |
| HLA proteins (n) | 3794 | 4648 | 3503 | 2378 | 106 | 1213 | 68 | 1016 |
| HLA antigens (n) | 28 | 62 | 10 | 24 | 9 | | 6 | |

Vanwaar komen de HLA antistoffen

Hoe?

1. transfusie
2. transplantatie
3. zwangerschap

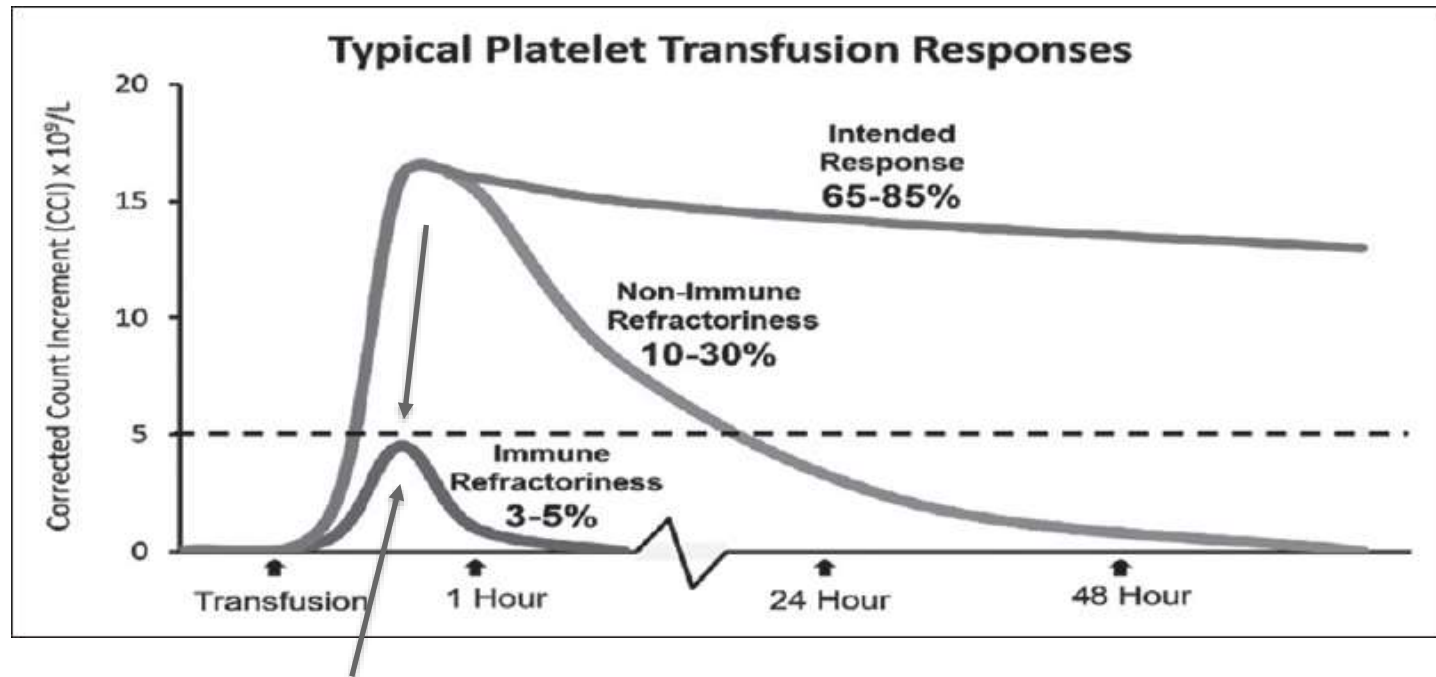
Oorsprong

- Leukocytes (vooral historische transfusies)
- Weefsels/Organen
- Foeto-maternale transfusie

Clinical presentation:

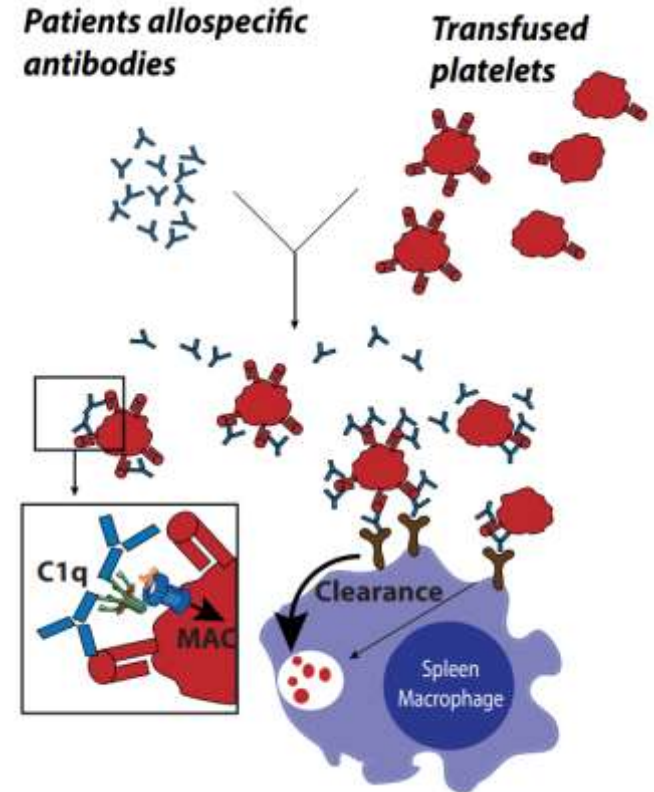
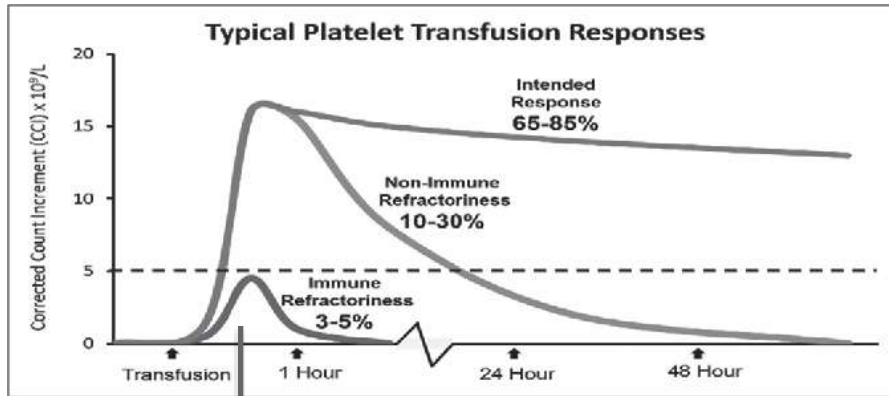
1. **Refractoriness to platelet transfusions (uitgestelde immune reactie)**
2. Non Hemolytic Febrile Transfusion Reactions (acute immune reactie)
3. Transplant rejectie (gevolg)
4. Impact op Transplant allocatie (preventie van rejectie)
5. *Transfusion Related Acute Lung Injury (TRALI)*

Refractoriteit aan bloedplaatjes transfusies

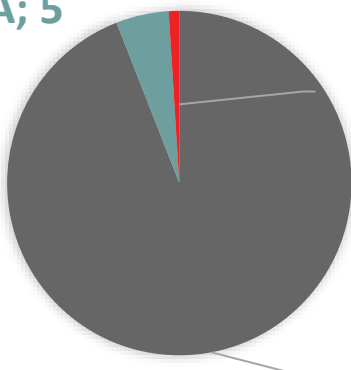


Handtekening van HLA/HPA immunisatie

Refractoriness of platelets



HLA + HPA; 5



HPA; 1

HLA; 94


Selection of matched or compatible donors

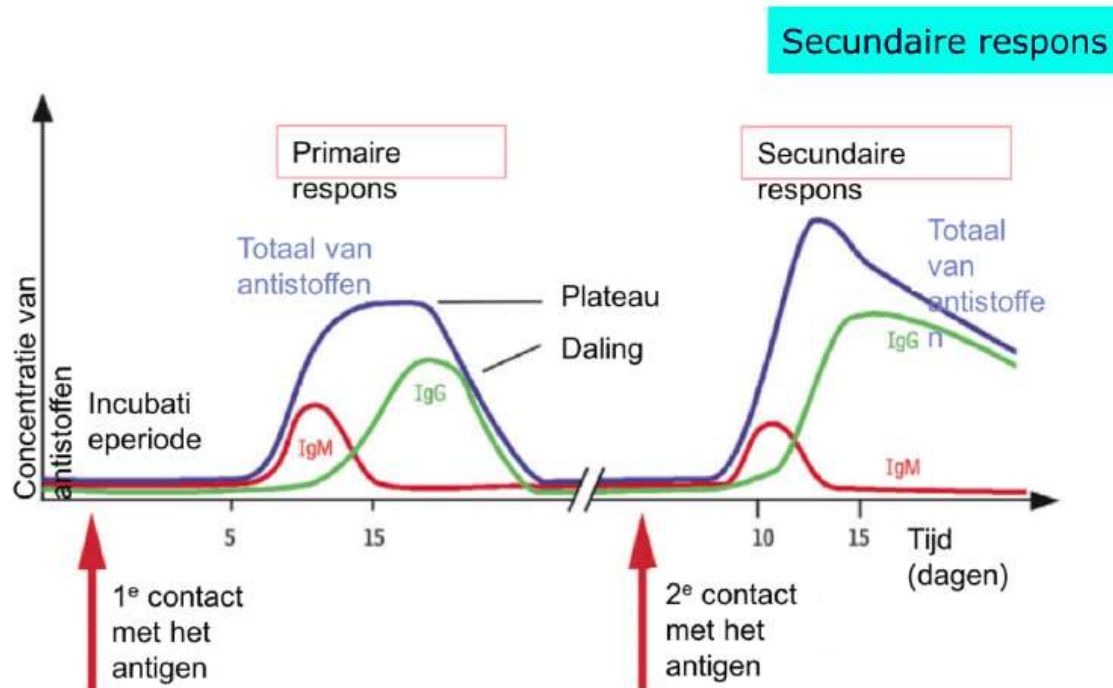
Vanwaar komen de HLA antistoffen

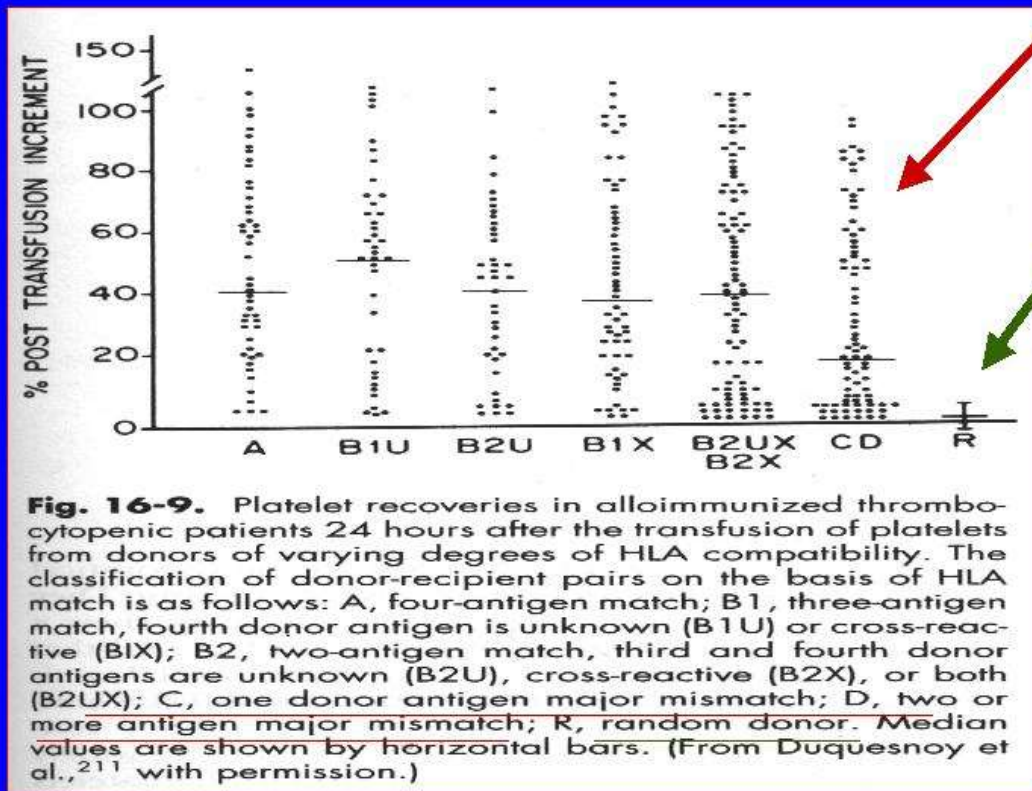
Hoe?

1. transfusies
2. transplantatie
3. zwangerschap

Oorsprong

Leukocytes (vooral historische transfusies)
Weefsels/Organen
Foeto-maternale transfusie





HLA gematchte plaatjes hebben betere opbrengst dan niet HLA gematchte plaatjes

HLA compatibele A/BU (Blank) hebben voorkeur.

DvB:

BU = A in >95% van de gevallen (owv recente en DNA typering)

TABLE 2. Corrected count increments according to different matching strategies

| Matching | Number (%) | Difference 1hCCI (95% CI) | Adjusted ABO incompatibility (95% CI) |
|--|------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| HLA matched | 427 (40.0) | <i>Ref</i> | <i>Ref</i> |
| HLA mismatched | 641 (60.0) | -1.94 (-3.15 to -0.74) | -1.99 (-3.28 to -0.71) |
| Minor ABO incompatibility* | 187 (23.3) | N/A | -1.06 (-2.65 to 0.52) |
| Major ABO incompatibility† | 177 (22.0) | N/A | -3.70 (-5.22 to -2.18) |
| Patients with positive alloantibody screen | | | |
| HLA matched | 215 (34.9) | <i>Ref</i> | <i>Ref</i> |
| HLA mismatched | 401 (65.1) | -3.09 (-4.68 to -1.50) | -3.28 (-4.97 to -1.59) |
| Minor ABO incompatibility* | 125 | N/A | -1.55 (-3.60 to 0.49) |
| Major ABO incompatibility† | 119 | N/A | -4.00 (-5.93 to -2.09) |
| Patients with negative antibody screen | | | |
| HLA matched | 83 (53.9) | <i>Ref</i> | <i>Ref</i> |
| HLA mismatched | 71 (46.1) | -0.26 (-2.75 to 2.21) | 0.28 (-2.14 to 2.71) |
| Minor ABO incompatibility* | 24 (19.1) | N/A | -0.27 (-3.48 to 2.92) |
| Major ABO incompatibility† | 27 (24.4) | N/A | -2.87 (-5.82 to 0.08) |
| Matching incorporating the results of the Luminex (LSA) single-antigen test | | | |
| HLA split-matched | 215 (77.6) | <i>Ref</i> | N/A |
| Acceptable mismatch | 38 (13.7) | -3.08 (-6.32 to 0.15) | N/A |
| Mismatch against LSA | 24 (8.7) | -3.11 (-6.94 to 0.73) | N/A |

We excluded patients from the stratified analyses if antibody screening was not performed or if results were missing.

* Defined as the presence of anti-A and/or anti-B alloantibodies in the product directed against patients' blood group antigens.

† Defined as the presence of anti-A or anti-B alloantibodies in patient plasma directed against donor blood group antigens.

1hCCI = 1-hour corrected count increment; CCI = corrected count increment; CI, confidence interval; N/A = not applicable.

Kreuger et al. Transfusion 2019, Volume 59; 3305

File View Background



Class I Single Antigen Results
Batch ID: LSA1-190614-A
Show Data

Patient Name: [Redacted] Patient DOB: [Redacted] Decipher Number: 01 Expires: [Redacted]
Sample ID: [Redacted] Lot ID: [Redacted] Donor Center #: [Redacted] Accession: [Redacted]
Patient HLA Type: A*11:01:01:04:01:03 DRB1*13 Donor Center #: Lab Superior Report By: [Redacted]

Method Type: Legacy Calculation Analysis Mode: Manual % PBA: 74
Positive CON RPT: Negative CON RPT: 1767 173

| Bead Raw Value | BOI | BCR | AD-BCR | Assignment | A | B | C | Bo | A Serology(S Serology(C Serology) | Antigen Density | Epitope |
|----------------|-------|-------|--------|------------|--------|--------|---|--------|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 133 | 2037 | 2070 | 129.53 | Positive | A*0101 | B*0708 | | Bv5 | 02708 | 1.2253 | 115V, 163E |
| 109 | 20341 | 20418 | 147.96 | Positive | A*0101 | | | A3 | 1.0765 | 115V, 448W | |
| 149 | 20309 | 20308 | 156.81 | Positive | | B*0708 | | Bv5 | 807 | 1.1040 | 115V, 163E |
| 148 | 20359 | 20321 | 155.81 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 807 | 1.1180 | 115V, 163E |
| 134 | 20323 | 20320 | 153.04 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 807 | 1.0500 | 115V, 163E |
| 110 | 20301 | 19992 | 144.08 | Positive | A*0101 | | | A11 | 1.0790 | 115V, 448W | |
| 118 | 20092 | 18976 | 144.76 | Positive | A*0101 | | | AA(3) | 1.0190 | 115V, 163E, 448W | |
| 110 | 20089 | 19957 | 144.61 | Positive | A*0101 | | | A14(1) | 0.9760 | 115V, 448W | |
| 114 | 20037 | 19920 | 141.49 | Positive | A*0101 | | | A24(2) | 1.0480 | 115V, 448W | |
| 111 | 20894 | 19718 | 142.09 | Positive | A*0101 | | | A11 | 0.9990 | 115V, 448W | |
| 107 | 20844 | 19713 | 141.84 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 261(4) | 1.1020 | 115V, 163E |
| 164 | 20824 | 19949 | 131.30 | Positive | A*0101 | | | 947 | 1.0680 | 163E | |
| 178 | 20739 | 19573 | 135.59 | Positive | A*0101 | | | 873 | 0.9400 | 115V, 163E | |
| 180 | 20138 | 18864 | 146.87 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 881 | 0.9670 | 115V, 163E |
| 158 | 18939 | 18818 | 144.76 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 060(4) | 0.9850 | 163E |
| 107 | 18489 | 18361 | 133.06 | Positive | A*0101 | | | A1 | 0.9460 | 115V | |
| 115 | 17912 | 17779 | 128.83 | Positive | A*0101 | | | A16 | 0.9635 | 115V | |
| 139 | 17811 | 17662 | 126.86 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 8703 | 0.9280 | 115V, 163E |
| 133 | 17570 | 17452 | 126.46 | Positive | A*0101 | | | AB0 | 0.9290 | 115V, 163E, 448W | |
| 137 | 16460 | 16235 | 125.07 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 863 | 0.9400 | 163E, 448W |
| 182 | 16352 | 16168 | 126.47 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 863 | 0.9270 | 115V |
| 170 | 16049 | 15903 | 123.31 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 853 | 0.9880 | 115V+163LW |
| 130 | 15761 | 15612 | 120.09 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 813 | 0.9630 | 115V+163LW |
| 144 | 15515 | 15382 | 118.32 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 877(1) | 0.8940 | 115V+163LW, 448W |
| 140 | 15405 | 15209 | 117.38 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 870(1) | 0.9040 | 115V+163LW, 448W |
| 174 | 14646 | 14573 | 111.15 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 867(2) | 1.1460 | 115V+163LW, 448W |
| 142 | 14480 | 14304 | 110.49 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 872(2) | 1.0800 | 115V+163LW |
| 111 | 14128 | 14008 | 101.21 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | A13(1) | 0.9850 | 115V, 448W |
| 106 | 13823 | 13703 | 99.29 | Positive | A*0101 | | | A2 | 0.9640 | 115V, 448W | |
| 129 | 13438 | 13312 | 96.46 | Positive | A*0101 | | | AG(2) | 0.9360 | 115V, 448W | |
| 140 | 13402 | 13290 | 101.21 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 862(1) | 1.1010 | 115V+163LW, 448W |
| 175 | 12385 | 12341 | 101.88 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 889(1) | 0.9640 | 115V+163LW |
| 163 | 12002 | 11822 | 88.71 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 948 | 0.7940 | 115V, 163E |
| 167 | 12882 | 12751 | 88.38 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 880(2) | 1.0890 | 115V+163LW |
| 108 | 12675 | 12527 | 83.79 | Positive | A*0101 | | | AJ | 0.9450 | 115V, 448W | |
| 152 | 12444 | 12386 | 84.21 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 819 | 0.7660 | 115V+163LW |
| 148 | 11025 | 10807 | 83.90 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 871(2) | 1.0610 | 115V+163LW |
| 188 | 10842 | 10727 | 82.52 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 848(2) | 1.0800 | 115V+163LW |
| 150 | 10640 | 10549 | 83.17 | Positive | A*0101 | | | A1 | 0.8470 | 115V | |
| 104 | 10376 | 10240 | 77.14 | Positive | A*0101 | | | A1 | 0.8370 | 115V, 448W | |
| 130 | 10429 | 10318 | 74.75 | Positive | A*0101 | | | AG(2) | 0.9620 | 448W | |
| 142 | 10389 | 10279 | 76.91 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 876(1) | 1.1090 | 448W |
| 133 | 10336 | 9975 | 76.73 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 837 | 0.9930 | 115V, 163E+65QE |
| 107 | 10024 | 9883 | 71.62 | Positive | A*0101 | | | A2(1) | 0.9470 | 115V, 448W | |
| 145 | 8972 | 8763 | 75.27 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 862(1) | 1.0410 | 115V+163LW, 448W |
| 138 | 8976 | 7903 | 69.91 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 941 | 1.0220 | 163E+65QE |
| 131 | 7902 | 7604 | 56.37 | Positive | A*0101 | | | AG(2) | 0.7200 | 115V, 448W | |
| 168 | 7627 | 7473 | 37.40 | Positive | A*0101 | | | Bv5 | 851(1) | 0.9800 | 115V+163LW |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|------|------|-------|-------|----------|--------|--|--|--|--|--------|--------|------------------|-----------------|
| 122 | 2446 | 2212 | 16.76 | 18.87 | Positive | A*0101 | | | | | A14(1) | 0.8050 | 115V, 448W | |
| 116 | 2423 | 2263 | 16.41 | 18.37 | Positive | A*0101 | | | | | A15(1) | 1.0680 | 115V, 448W | |
| 109 | 2346 | 2184 | 16.80 | 16.76 | Positive | A*0101 | | | | | Bv5 | 942 | 1.0030 | 163E+65QE |
| 117 | 2214 | 2071 | 15.01 | 16.49 | Positive | A*0101 | | | | | A15(1) | 0.9100 | 115V, 448W | |
| 138 | 2132 | 1982 | 15.32 | 16.28 | Positive | A*0101 | | | | | Bv5 | 864(4) | 0.9400 | 115V, 163E+65QE |
| 139 | 1779 | 1578 | 12.11 | 12.39 | Positive | A*0101 | | | | | Bv5 | 862(4) | 0.9220 | 163E+65QE |
| 118 | 1658 | 1374 | 9.97 | 10.87 | Positive | A*0101 | | | | | A15(1) | 0.9660 | 115V, 448W | |
| 147 | 1301 | 1183 | 8.96 | 8.47 | Positive | A*0101 | | | | | Bv5 | 813 | 1.0380 | 115V, 163E+65QE |
| 106 | 1228 | 1094 | 7.15 | 12.60 | Positive | A*0101 | | | | | Cv4 | 0.9230 | 115V | |
| 116 | 1026 | 899 | 5.06 | 5.34 | Positive | A*0101 | | | | | A2(1) | 0.9620 | 115V, 448W | |
| 126 | 836 | 684 | 4.96 | 5.56 | Positive | A*0101 | | | | | A43 | 0.8300 | 115V, 448W | |
| 189 | 364 | 221 | 1.44 | 1.81 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Cv4 | 0.7790 | 115V | |
| 163 | 403 | 176 | 1.37 | 1.90 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Bv5 | 0.7320 | 115V+163LW, 448W | |
| 187 | 277 | 172 | 1.12 | 1.70 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Cv4 | 0.6630 | | |
| 178 | 282 | 182 | 1.24 | 1.83 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Bv5 | 809 | 1.0080 | 163E+65QE |
| 123 | 268 | 97 | 0.70 | 0.77 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | A12(1) | 0.9680 | 115V, 448W | |
| 122 | 266 | 46 | 0.47 | 0.52 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | A12(1) | 0.8880 | 115V, 448W | |
| 294 | 242 | 54 | 0.25 | 0.43 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Cv4 | 0.8120 | | |
| 187 | 232 | 44 | 0.28 | 0.42 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Cv4 | 0.6600 | | |
| 190 | 221 | 18 | 0.12 | 0.28 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Cv7 | 0.4890 | | |
| 191 | 215 | 18 | 0.11 | 0.20 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Cv7 | 0.5640 | | |
| 188 | 215 | 17 | 0.11 | 0.23 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Cv4 | 0.5140 | | |
| 126 | 142 | 13 | 0.12 | 0.21 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Bv5 | 86 | 1.0900 | 163E+65QE |
| 121 | 128 | 11 | 0.08 | 0.08 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Bv5 | 0.8690 | 115V, 448W | |
| 199 | 111 | 5 | 0.03 | 0.04 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Bv5 | 0.8740 | | |
| 161 | 165 | 3 | 0.02 | 0.02 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Bv5 | 0.8410 | | |
| 198 | 184 | 1 | 0.01 | 0.01 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Cv4 | 0.7400 | | |
| 161 | 193 | 1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Bv5 | 1.0790 | | |
| 172 | 141 | -1 | -0.01 | -0.01 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Bv5 | 851(2) | 0.8280 | 163E+65QE |
| 190 | 132 | -2 | -0.01 | -0.01 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Cv4 | 0.7920 | | |
| 193 | 181 | -9 | -0.04 | -0.11 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Cv4 | 0.5510 | | |
| 183 | 128 | -10 | -0.08 | -0.08 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Bv5 | 1.0020 | | |
| 194 | 162 | -10 | -0.07 | -0.09 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Cv4(1) | 0.7020 | | |
| 162 | 140 | -11 | -0.08 | -0.08 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Bv5 | 845(2) | 0.9020 | |
| 120 | 147 | -18 | -0.13 | -0.12 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | A12(1) | 0.8840 | 115V, 448W | |
| 185 | 171 | -32 | -0.21 | -0.25 | Negative | A*0101 | | | | | Cv4(1) | 0.6280 | | |

and usually allows a very limited supply of platelet units.

When exact matches are unavailable, one can use the antibody profile determined by the single-antigen bead test to select donor units that lack the corresponding cognate antigens (ie, HLA compatible).^{13,14,35} This antibody specificity prediction (ASP) method is equivalent to HLA matching in terms of efficacy. In addition, the ASP method increases the pool of compatible

Cohn S. Blood; hem2020000137c.pdf

Hoe Verifieer je de indicatie?

Beschikbaarheid van resultaat van anti-HLA screening

Typische diagnostiek

Pathologie

Status van de aandoening

Context

Medicatie

Voorafgaande stamceltransplantatie

Enkele aanknopingspunten

De meeste refractoriteiten door allo immunisatie (HLA en/of HPA) worden gezien bij patiënten met een hypoproliferatieve trombopenie:

- Hematologische aandoeningen met trombopenie
- Trombopenie door chemotherapie
- Aplastische anemie
- Myelo Dysplastie Syndroom (MDS)

ITP is meestal klinisch goed herkenbaar en geen indicatie voor HLA compatibele plaatjes

Historiek medisch dossier (cfr Bvb Glanzmann)

Table 1. Immune and nonimmune causes of platelet refractoriness

| Nonimmune causes | Immune-mediated causes |
|---|---|
| Fever, infection, or sepsis | Antibodies against HLA class I |
| Bleeding | ABO-mismatched platelets |
| Accelerated platelet consumption (DIC, microangiopathic hemolytic anemia) | Antibodies against human platelet antigens |
| Drugs (amphotericin B, vancomycin, ATG, interferons) | Antibodies against drug-platelet glycoprotein complex |
| Splenic sequestration | |
| Graft-versus-host disease | |
| Poor platelet quality or greater storage age | |

ATG, antithymoglobulin; DIC, diffuse intravascular coagulation.

Cohn S. Blood; hem2020000137c.pdf

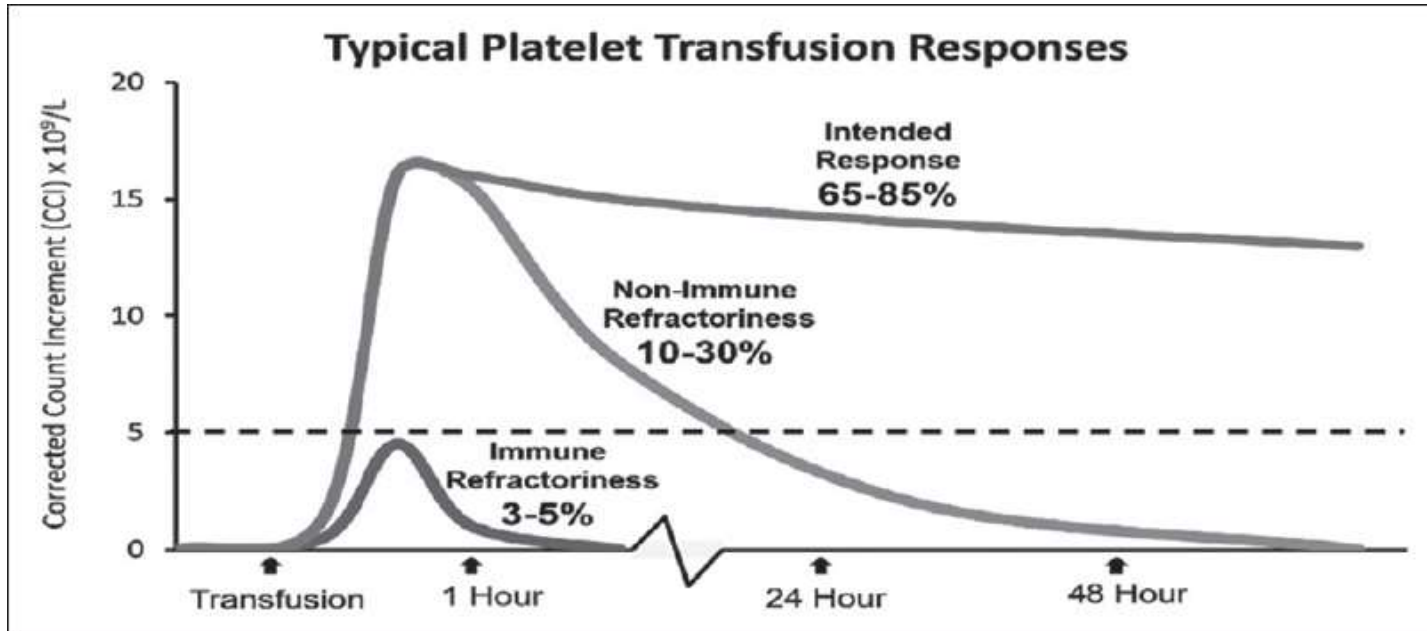
Table 2. Drugs reported to cause drug-dependent platelet antibodies²⁶

| Drugs |
|-------------------------------|
| Abciximab |
| Carbamazepine |
| Ceftriaxone |
| Eptifibatide |
| Heparin |
| Oxaliplatin |
| Phenytoin |
| Piperacillin |
| Piperacillin/tazobactam |
| Quinidine |
| Quinine |
| Rifampin |
| Sulfamethoxazole/trimethoprim |
| Tirofiban |
| Vancomycin |

These drugs were associated with drug-dependent antibodies in ≥ 10 patients.

Cohn S. Blood; hem2020000137c.pdf

Hoe bepaal je refractoriteit?



Bij bloeding?

Bij profylaxe?

CCI voorbeeld

Corrected Count Increment (CCI) for Platelet Transfusion ☆

<https://www.mdcalc.com/corrected-count-increment-cci-platelet-transfusion>

Assesses adequacy of response to platelet transfusion.

| When to Use | Pearls/Pitfalls | Why Use |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Pre-transfusion platelet count | 5 | $\times 10^9/L$ |
| Post-transfusion platelet count Collect at either 1 or 20 hours after transfusion | 75 | $\times 10^9/L$ |
| Time after transfusion | 1-hour | 20-hour |
| Height | 162 | cm |
| Weight | 75 | kg |
| Platelet unit content One apheresis unit is $\sim 3.0 \times 10^{11}$ plts; one pooled unit is $\sim 0.55 \times 10^{11}$ plts | 4 | $\times 10^{11}$ plts |

31,500

Corrected count increment

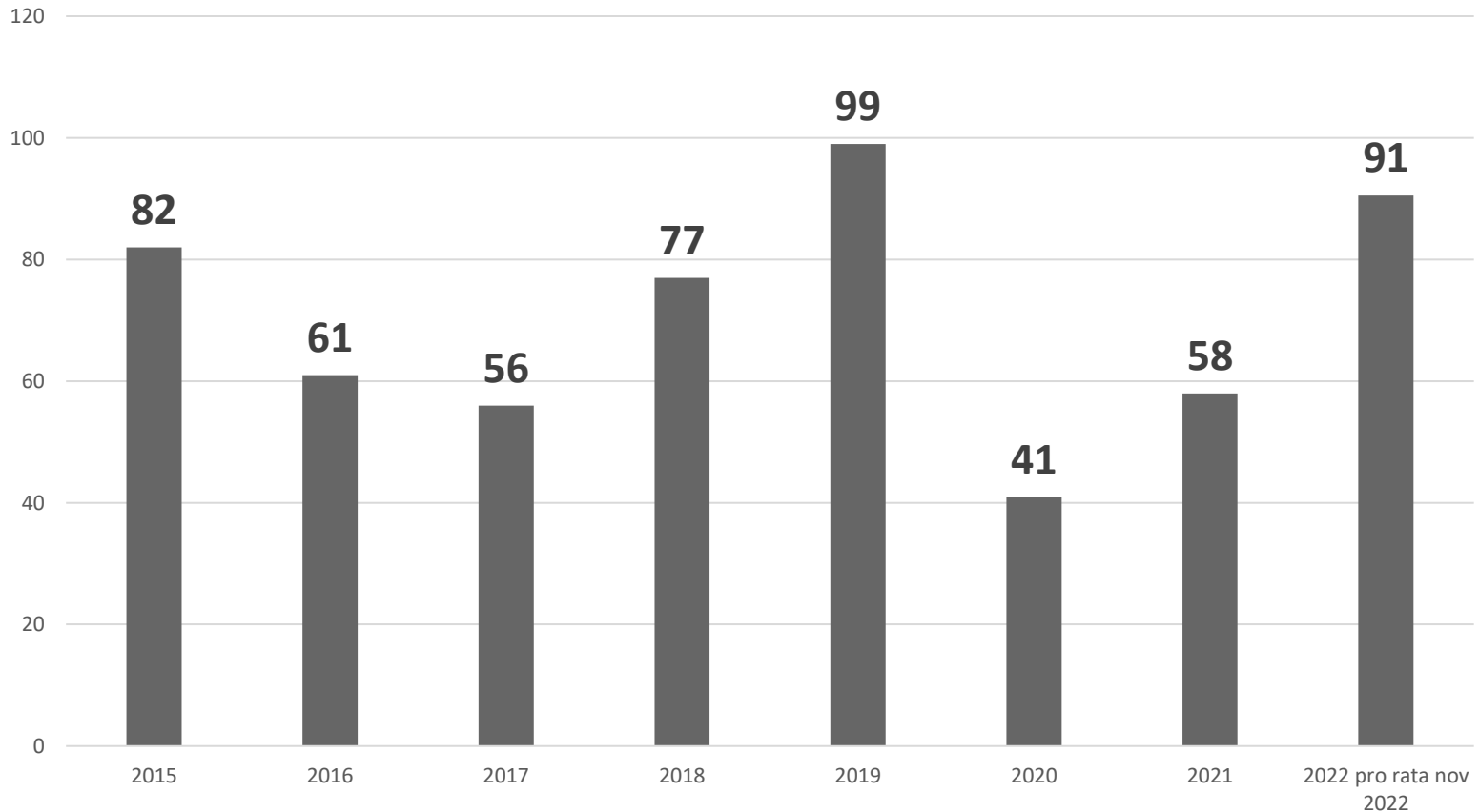
1-hr CCI $>7,500$ indicates successful transfusion (platelet transfusion refractoriness unlikely)

Copy Results

Next Steps

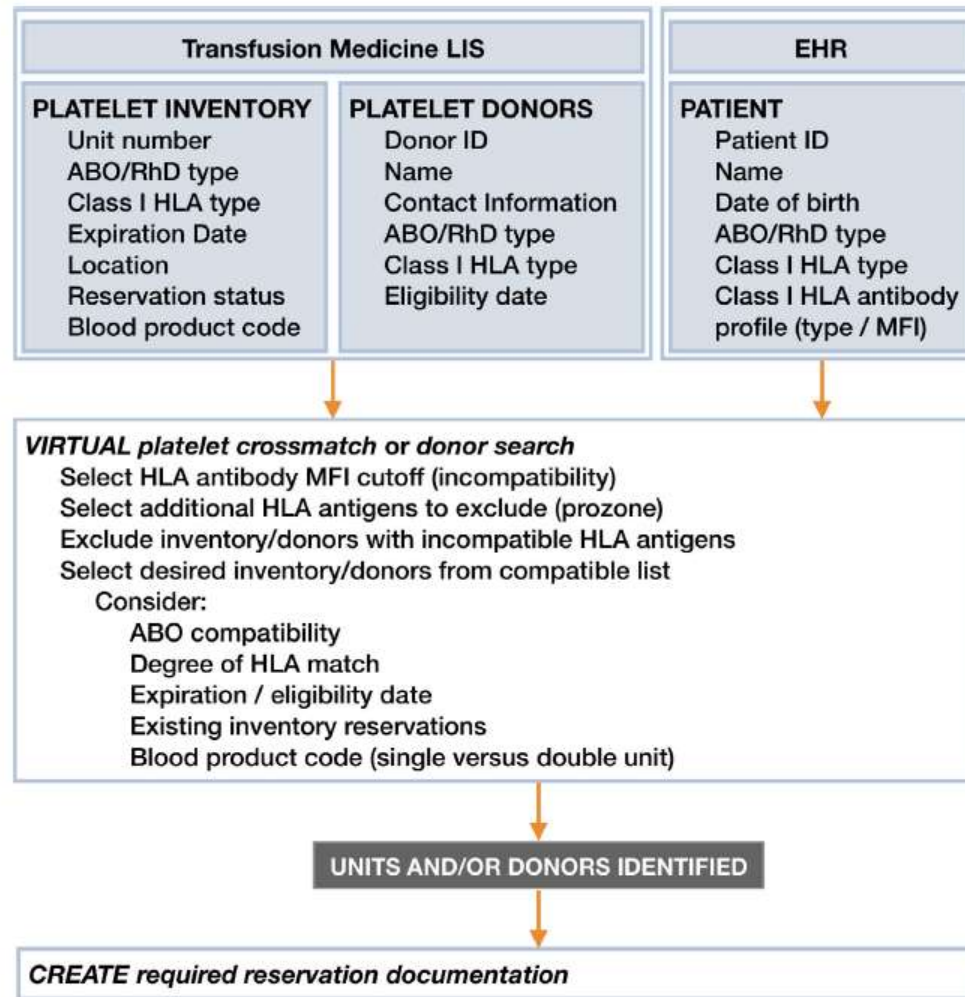
20-hr CCI $>4,800$ indicates successful transfusion (platelet transfusion refractoriness unlikely)

aantal nieuwe patiënten voor HLA compatibele plaatjes
per jaar



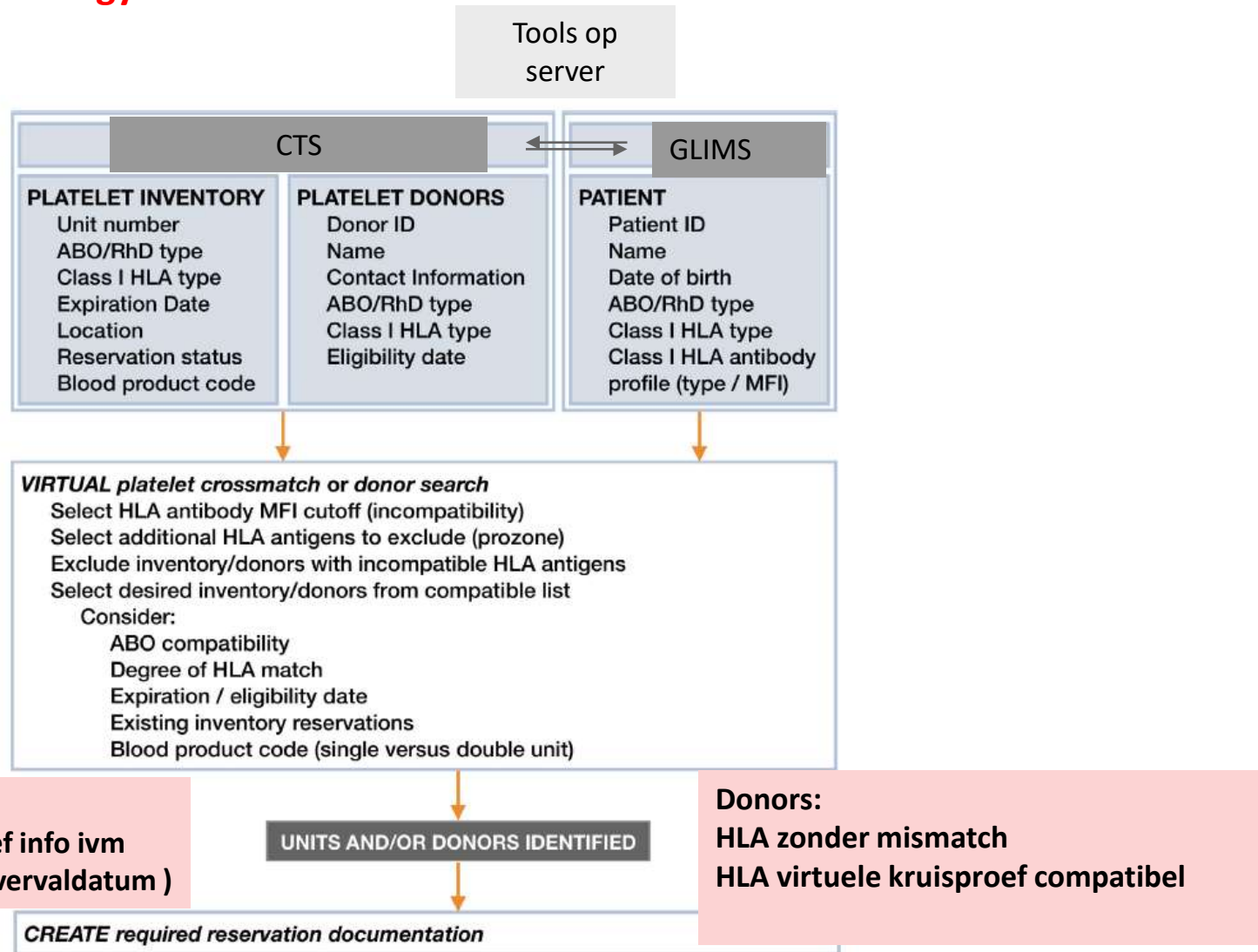
Screening & identificatie van HLA antistoffen: vroegtijdig in behandeling aangewezen
Uitzonderlijk: Trial met HLA identische plaatjes bij patiënten zonder antistoffen.

Search strategy Mayo Clinics



Juskewitch JE et al. Transfusion. 2020;1–10.

Search strategy RKV



Juskewitch JE et al. Transfusion. 2020;1–10.



Rode Kruis
Vlaanderen

Modaliteiten HLA compatibele bloedplaatjes
Handleiding voor de aanvrager/ziekenhuisbloedbank
Aanvraag procedure HLA/HPA compatibele plaatjes

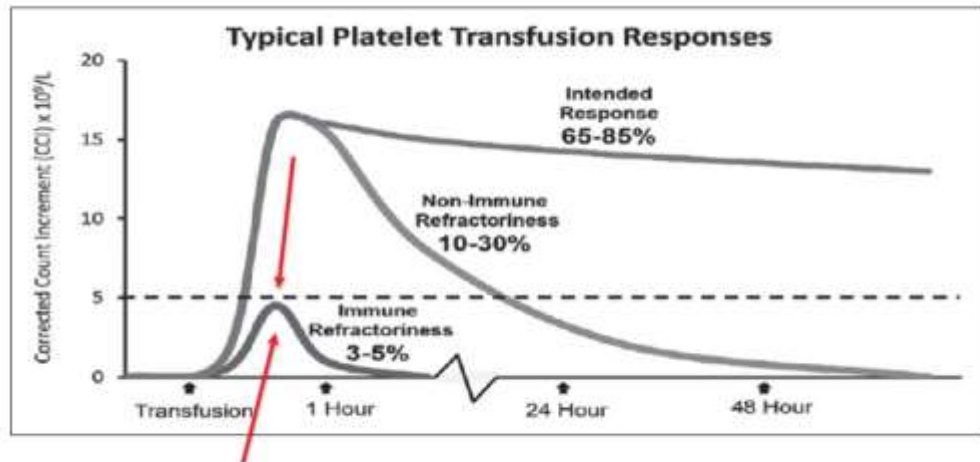
HLA compatibele plaatjes

RKV voorziet in HLA compatibele (zo nodig ook HPA compatibele) plaatjes volgens vaste procedures en enkel op geverifieerde indicatie.

- + De procedure is indicatie gebonden
- + De procedure is arbeidsintensief
- + Vereist "Walking" HLA-getypeerde, vrijwillige donoren
- + Bijzondere selectie procedure vereist wegens de complexiteit van HLA antistoffen
- + De procedure bestaat uit 2 stappen met
 - initieel een aanvraag bij klinisch bioloog RKV via 'communicatieformulier'
 - Gevolgd door een bestelling bij PRODIS van plaatjes via een 'bestelformulier'

Indicaties voor HLA-getypeerde bloedplaatjes (in te vullen op het communicatieformulier)

- Overbrugging hypoplastische periode na chemo/radio therapie
 - > Bvb Remissie inductie therapie, na stamceltransplantatie
 - > Gelieve aan te geven indien patiënt een **haplo identieke** transplantatie onderging
- Langdurige hypoplasie
 - > bvb Myelo Dysplastisch Syndroom, aplastische anemie
- Palliatief
- Andere (specificeer):



Handtekening van HLA/HPA immunisatie

STAP 1: Communicatieformulier

Vereist bij

- + Initiële aanvraag: 1e aanvraag voor patiënt
- + Reactivatie aanvraag: Herstart aanvraagprocedure na 6 maanden of na herhaling testen omwille van onvoldoende opbrengst

Geldigheid

- + Geldig gedurende 6 maanden.
- + Daarna is een herhaling van de testen vereist met herstart van de aanvraagprocedure incl. telefonisch contact met klinisch bioloog HILA en doorsturen van nieuw communicatieformulier.
- + Bij herhaling van de testen omwille van onvoldoende opbrengst geldt eveneens een herstart van de aanvraagprocedure

[Dienst voor het Bloed | Patiënt specifieke bestelling \(rodekruis.be\)](https://rodekruis.be)

STAP 2: Bestelformulier

- + Te bezorgen 3 werkdagen vóór de eerste gewenste toedieningsdatum;
bij voorkeur 1 week op voorhand
- + Vermelding van gewenste bloedgroep
- + Gewenste toedieningsdata:
 - Max. 4 data per bestelformulier
 - Max. periode van 1 week per bestelformulier

Aandachtspunten bij aanvraag

+ **Routine aanvragen** die

- op vrijdagmiddag na 12h
- daags voor een feestdag na 12h

toekomen worden pas verwerkt **de volgende werkdag.**

+ **Conform de procedure kan een aanvraag maar formeel gestart worden als alle testen beschikbaar zijn:**

- HLA typering van de patiënt
- HLA antistoffen met identificatie van de specificiteiten

→ zorg er dus zelf voor dat de **vereiste testen aangevraagd en de resultaten beschikbaar** zijn op het moment van de aanvraag

Beschikbaarheid HLA compatibele plaatjes

Hou er rekening mee dat **HLA compatibele plaatjes NIET altijd beschikbaar** zijn om meerdere redenen

- De aard van de antistoffen maakt dat er amper geschikte donoren zijn
- Een voorziene afname niet kon doorgaan
- Er was een technisch probleem met de afname

RKV kan dus nooit garanderen dat er een HLA compatibel product beschikbaar is, ook niet na formele en conforme aanvraag. Indien er onverwacht geen product beschikbaar is wordt het aanvragende laboratorium hiervan verwittigd door **het medisch secretariaat**.

Urgente aanvragen

Een urgente aanvraag moet de uitzondering zijn:

- + Wacht niet tot de laatste moment, bespreek dit met de behandelende artsen
- + Verifieer zelf of alle testen aangevraagd en resultaten beschikbaar zijn

**Aanvragen op vrijdagmiddag voor toediening op maandag of dinsdag is
NIET MOGELIJK.**

Evaluatie van de respons

Ervaring leert dat HLA compatibele bloedplaatjesconcentraten voordelen hebben t.o.v. standaardplaatjes doch de wetenschappelijke evidentie hiervoor is "weak".
International Collaboration for Transfusion Medicine Guidelines (ICTMG), 2014

Een goede opbrengst of CCI (Correct Count Increment)
is nooit gegarandeerd.

CCI meting en rapportering

aan het medisch secretariaat RKV is een must om volgende redenen:

- donoren niet nodeloos laten terugkomen
- hoge iso-agglutinines bij patiënten (meestal O patiënt)
- combinatie met HPA antistoffen of HPA antistoffen alleen
- aanmaken van nieuwe antistoffen
- interferentie met medicatie (bvb vancomycine) of klinische conditie (sepsis, DIC, GVHD, ...)

Tot slot...

Onze medewerkers stellen alles in het werk om maximaal aan de vraag te voldoen maar weet dat:

- Elke donatie een donatie is van een vrijwillige donor die zijn/haar vrije tijd hieraan besteedt en op vraag van onze medewerkers op afspraak komt doneren.
- Hiervoor soms zelfs verlof neemt.
- Nooit kan, noch mag gedwongen worden om te doneren zelfs al zou hij/zij de enige compatibele donor zijn.

Daarom is het ook niet gepast enige druk uit te oefenen op onze medewerkers.

Thank you!

